KUKHARSKAYA, E.V.; SKORIK, Yu.I.

Effect of thionyl chloride on the siloxane bond in an ultrasonic field. Dokl. AN SSSR 159 no.2:369-372 N '64. (MIRA 17:12)

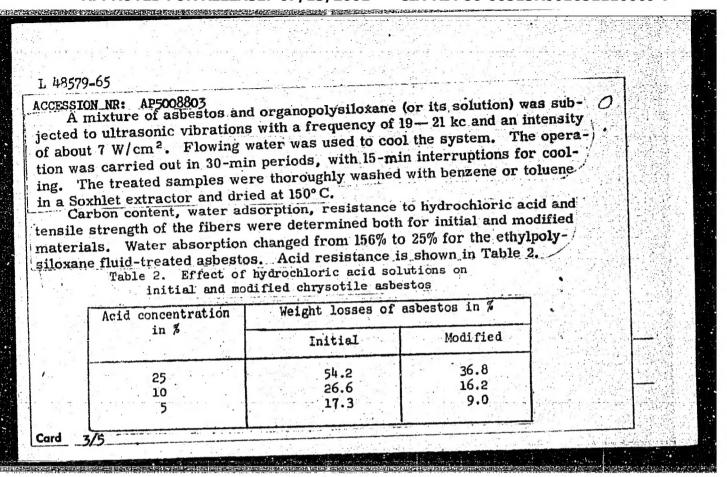
1. Institut khimii silikatov im. I.V. Grebenshchikova AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom I.V. Tananayevym.

EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(j)/T 29106-65 8/0079/65/035/001/0106/0110 AP5003963 ACCESSION NR AUTHORS: Voronkov, M. G.; Skorik, Yu. I. TITLE: Interaction of phosphorus tribalides with trialkyl alkoxysilanes and hexaalkyl disiloxanes Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 35, no. 1, 1965, 106-110 SOURCE: TOPIC TAGS: phosphorus, trialkyl alkoxysilane, hexa alkyl disiloxane, zinc chloride, iron compound, tin chloride, silicon compound, dimethyleniline, trialkylhalide silane, ethyl bromide ABSTRACT: The silicon organic esters of phosphorous acid were obtained in 30% yields by simple distillation of mixtures of phosphorous tribromide with excessive amounts of trimethyl ethoxysilane, trimethyl butoxysilane, and triethyl ethoxysilane in the presence of catalysts (0.5-0.6 mol% ZnCl2, FeCl3, SnCl2). The reaction 3R3SIOR' + PBr3 -- (R3SIO)3P + 3R'Br follows the formula The obtained compounds are colorless liquids with a weak camphor complexes with Cu2Cl2 due to the presence of trivalent phosphorous. Silicon organic esters of ethyl phosphinic acid are formed simultaneously in the above reaction as Card 1/2 OTHER:

NO REF SOV: 008

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ACCESSION NR: AP5008803	
AUTHOR: Skorik, Yu. I.; Kukharskaya, E. V.; Fedoseyev, A. D.; Klimova, K. P. 3/	3
AUTHOR: Skorik, Yu. 1.; kukharakaya; TITLE: Modification of chrysotile asbestos by organopolysiloxanes in an acoustic	
TITLE: Modification of chrysotile asbestos by organopolysas	
#64 AT AL : 어머니는 아이트 그는 그리고 그리고 그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 되었다. 그리고 아니라 그 그리고 하는 것이다.	
SOURCE: Zhurnal prikladnoy khimii, v. 38, no. 3, 1965, 510-515	二 三 河南
TOPIC TAGS: asbestos, acoustic field, siloxane, carbon, nonmetal tensile strengt	h .
TOPIC TAGS: asbestos, acoustic field, siloxane, caroon, none	
high managents about 96% of the total assestus	٧ 💮
ABSTRACT: Chrysotile asbestos, which represents about large amounts of water, mined in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absorbs large amounts of water,	
mined in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and absolution in the USSR, is not acid resistant and acid resistant acid resista	
which impairs its technical value. Grating of polyeiges on the surface of the mineral considerably improves its chemical resistance on the surface of the mineral considerably improves its chemical resistance.	
on the surface of the mineral considerably improves its and thermal and electric insulating properties. The grafting can be conducted and thermal and electric insulating properties. The grafting can be conducted and thermal and electric insulating properties.	
and thermal and electric insulating properties. The grant grant and thermal and electric insulating properties. The grant gran	
ultrasonic field.	
the angence of carbon and of	
Chemical analyses and IR spectra indicate the presence of carbon and of	
C-H bonds in the treated asbestos. Inasmuth as interplanar distances are	
Card 1/5	

ot cha	ION NR: AP5008803 inged in the asbestos fibers afte	r the treatment, according	
MILLANT			
	i and a come condition will	n crime or areas	
	he Bazhenovo deposit in the Ura ous degrees of polymerization,	as shown in rapie r	
ir Ast.	ble 1. Carbon content in the mod	lified asbestos samples (cr	ude, treated for 1 hr)
18	Medium of ultrasonic treatment	Degree of polymerization	Carbon content,
		of organopolysiloxane	0.33
	Hexaethyldisiloxane	2	0.33
	Diethylpolysiloxane fluid		0.44
	VKZh-94B \$ (VTU MKhP.	7-9	
	EU64-547)		
	Dimethylpolysiloxane rubber P		
	SKT:	5000—7000	1.20
	2% solution in benzene	7000-1000	2.20



Lorran	也是对方法的的性性的。	
	L 48579-65 ACCESSION NR: AP5008803	
	Tensile strength of the modified aspestos was not have formed from ment. The authors suggest that active particles, which are formed from ment. The authors suggest that active particles as a result of the destruction the aspestos and organopolysiloxane molecules as a result of polygrigano-	
V.	siloxane radicals to silicon or magnesium atoms by means of an oxygen of lage, siloxane radicals to silicon or magnesium atoms by means of an oxygen of lage, siloxane radicals to silicon or magnesium atoms by means of an oxygen of lage, the possibility of formation of similar derivatives for kaolin was previously. The possibility of formation of organopolysiloxanes demonstrated by the authors.* Partial degradation of organopolysiloxanes by cavitation caused by ultrasonic vibration is confirmed by a certain decrease by cavitation caused by ultrasonic vibration is confirmed by the formation of erties by the ultrasonically treated asbestos is explained by the formation of true chemical bonds between the mineral and the modifying agent, inasmuch true chemical bonds between the mineral and the modifying agent, inasmuch as the mere adsorption of an organopolysiloxane on asbestos does not render as the mere adsorption of an organopolysiloxane on content in the case of the the latter hydrophobic, in spite of a higher carbon content in the case of the adsorption. The higher acid resistance of the modified asbestos is explained, by the better hydrophobic properties. This work was conducted in the Institute of the Chemistry of Silicates im. I. V. Grebenshchikov, Academy of	
	Sciences USSR. Card 4/5	
	The state of the s	1.

, 48579-65 CCESSION NR: AP5008803		0				
Orig. art. has 1 equation, 1 graph, and 3 tables. ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii silikatov imeni I. V. Grebenshchikova AN SSSR) (Institute of Silica Chemistry, AN SSSR)						
SUBMITTED: 22Jun64	ENCL: 00	SUB CODE: MT, OC				
TO REF SOV: 004	OTHER: COE	FSB, v. 1, no. 6				

\$/139/59/000/05/007/026

E032/E114

Moskalev, V.A., Filippov, M.F., Skorikov, A.G., and AUTHORS:

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Skvortsov, Yu.M.

A High Pulsed Current Stereobetatron /9 TITLE:

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy,

Fizika, 1959, Nr 5, pp 35-44 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The Tomsk Polytechnical Institute has designed a

25 MeV stereobetatron such that the beam current at the target is of the order of a few amps during a fraction of a microsecond. The shape of the magnetic field was based on the theoretical studies reported in Refs 3-7. The present paper gives a general description of the

various features of the betatron including the construction of the electromagnet, the supplies, the injection scheme, the extraction scheme, and the design of the two independent vacuum systems. machine is now being built. It will be used to study electron interactions in the two crossed beams.

There are 10 figures and 14 references, of which 12 are CArd

Soviet and 2 English. 1/1

ASSOCIATION: Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut im. S.M. Kirova

December 27, 1958 SUBMITTED:

S/0058/64/000/001/A036/A037

ACCESSION NR: AR4022437

SOURCE: RZh. Fizika, Abs. 1A331

AUTHORS: Moskalev, V. A.; Okulov, B. V.; Otrubyannikov, Yu. A.;

Skvortsov, Yu. M.; Skorikov, A. G.; Shestakov, V. G.

TITLE: Results of starting a pulsed two-chamber stereo betatron for 25 MeV

CITED SOURCE: Izv. Tomskogo politekhn. in-ta, v. 122, 1962, 50-53

TOPIC TAGS: stereo betatron, pulsed stereo betatron, two channel stereo betatron, ionization measurement, radiation dose power, optimal gamma ray intensity, stereo betatron radiation yield, bremsstrahlung pulse

TRANSLATION: A two-channel pulsed stereo-betatron for 25 MeV with increased radiation intensity was started and put in operation at

Card 1/3

ACCESSION NR: AR4022437

the Tomsk Polytechnic Institute in 1960. The electromagnet of the apparatus was fed with 2760 A current pulses at 7.5 kV and at a repetition frequency of 0.2 cps. The injection voltage and current were 300--400 kV and 1.6 A. A special system for dropping the electrons on the target made it possible to obtain bremsstrahlung pulses not exceeding 0.2 microsecond in duration. (For details see RZhFiz, 1963, 1A381, 382.) To register the radiation pulses, a standard "Kaktus" x-ray meter was used with an aluminum one-liter DIG-1 ionization chamber. It was impossible, however, to measure the radiation dose with the available instruments. Consequently, a rough qualitative estimate of the radiation dose power per pulse was made using a method in which a radiation pulse was transmitted through a lead layer of maximum possible thickness. It was found that at optimal gamma-radiation intensity a pulse from one accelerator chamber can pass through a lead 14-cm layer located 1 meter away from the accelerator target. This corresponds to an approximate dose of 50 roentgens. If it is assumed that during one acceleration cycle the

Card 2/3

ACCESSION NR: AR4022437

dose in the stereo-betatron beam amounts to only 5 roentgens, then the radiation yield of the stereo-betatron is 250--300 times larger than in existing betatrons of the same energy. The dimensions of the focus spot did not exceed 4 x 2 mm in the right-hand accelerator chamber, and 10×1 mm in the left. The number of accelerated electrons is $\sim 5 \times 10^{11}$. V. Voronin.

DATE ACQ: 03Mar64

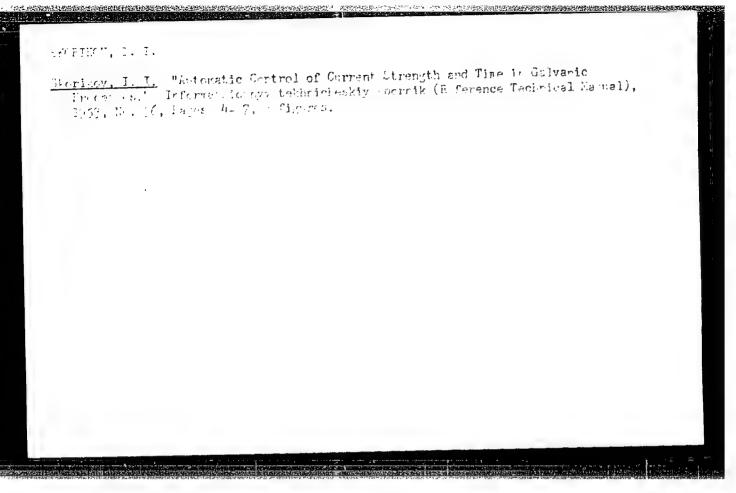
SUB CODE: PH, SD

ENCL: 00

Card 3/3

GUBA, I.N., inzh.; SKORIKOV, A.M., inzh.

The D-432 machine for cutting expansion joints in hardened concrete. Stroi. i dor. mash. 7 no.9:15-16 S 162. (MIRA 15:10) (Road machinery)



建立建设的保护,但是这些产品的企业的企业的设备的企业的,但是不是不是的企业的企业的企业,但是不是不是一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个

SKORIKOV, K. G.

"Total Heats of Evaporation of Liquid Mixtures: I. New Method of Determination of Total Heats of Evaporation," Zhur. Fiz. Khim, 23, No. 11, 1949. Hbr. Lab. Thermochemistry, Chair Physical & Colloidal Chem., Rostov State Univ. im. V. N. Molotov, -c1949-.

(4. 1) (2. 1) (2. 1) (2. 1) (2. 1) (3. 1) (3. 1) (4. 1) (

5(4) SOV/76-33-2-42/45 Skorikov, K. G. AUTHOR: Discussion (Digkussiya). Remarks on the Papers by TITLE: P. V. Nemtsov [1,27 (Zamechaniya k stat'yam P. V. Nemtsova [1,2]Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, 1959, Vol 33, Nr 2, pp 501-502 PERIODICAL: (USSR) It is shown that the four equations (1-4) which were suggested ABSTRACT: by Nemtsov for studying the ionization potentials of various ions are in principle based upon equation (1). This equation is an application of Newton's (N'yuton) first law (Ref 3). Proceeding from an equation by Dibrova (Refs 4, 5), which is represented in a form corresponding to the conditions given by Nemtsov, a series of equations are derived (6-17) and the following conclusions are drawn: the equation according to Newton (5) can be expressed in a general form (18) which can be considered the basic form for all four (1-4) of the equations set forth by Nemtsov. New principles are not to be found in the empirical formulae set forth by P. V. Nemtsov, and also not in their generalized form (18). There are 6 Soviet references. Card 1/2

SKORIKOV, L.V. (st.Igumnovo)

Fundamentals of rhythmic operations. Zhel.dor.transp. 43
no.4:81-82 Ap '61. (MTRA 14:3)

1. Zamestitel' nachal'nika stantsii Igumnovo Gor'kovskoy dorogi. (Railroads, Industrial)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651110009-7

ACC NR: AP6036429

SOURCE CODE: UR/0210/66/000/008/0101/0103

AUTHOR: Skorikova, M. F.

ORG: Sakhalin Complex Scientific Research Institute, s. Novo-Aleksandrovka (Sakhalinakiy kompleksnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut)

TITLE: Determination of the density of the earth's crust from boundary velocity values

SOURCE: Geologiya i geofizika, no. 8, 1966, 101-103

TOPIC TAGS: seismic wave propagation, rock elasticity, elastic wave, propagation, earth crust, gravimetry, shock wave propagation, shock wave velocity / Sakhalin

ABSTRACT: A relationship is established between crustal density (p) and boundary velocity (v_r) that is considered useful in interpreting and correlating seismic and gravimetric data. Experiments conducted with rock samples from Sakhalin show that the longitudinal wave velocities measured in the samples correlated well with elasticwave propagation velocities in the massif based on seismic field data obtained in situ. On the basis of the relationships

$$\rho = 0.18 \text{ v}_b + 1.823;$$
 $v_b = 4.1\rho - 6.462$

Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651110009-7" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001

SKORIKOV, P.A.; KITCHENKO, G.A., master

Organization of material and technical procurement and work of the order bureau in the locomotive depot in Krasnodar.

(MIRA 19:1)

1. Lokomotivnoye depo Krasnodar.

Elek. i tepl. tiaga 9 no.11:6-8 N 165.

TAMBOVTSEV, D.A.; SKORIKOV, V.M.; ZHELUDEV, I.S.

Production of bismuth titanate single crystals and some of their properties. Kristallografiia 8 no.6:889-893 N-D'63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Institut kristallografii AN SSSR.

TAMBOVTSEV, D.A.; SAFRONOV, G.M.; TERENT'YEV, B.P.; SKORIKOV, V.M.

Stability of the operation of a reference voltage source using ferroelectric bismuth tetanate crystals. Elektrichestvo no.12:85-86 D '63. (MIRA 17:1)

ACCESSION NR: AP4019324

S/0105/64/000/003/0001/0005

AUTHOR: Tambovtsev, D. A. (Engineer); Terent'yev, B. P. (Doctor of technical sciences); Zheludev, I. S. (Doctor of physico-mathematical sciences); Skorikov, V. M. (Engineer); Kucherova, I. V. (Engineer)

TITLE: Voltage and current stabilization by ferroelectrics

SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 3, 1964, 1-5

TOPIC TAGS: ferroelectric, ferroelectric crystal, voltage stabilizer, current stabilizer, ferroelectric voltage stabilizer, ferroelectric current stabilizer, reference voltage, bismuth titanate, barium titanate, triglycine sulfate

ABSTRACT: Procedures for the calculation of ferroelectric-stabilized reference-voltage sources are set forth, a new circuit for voltage stabilization is submitted, and some problems in using ferroelectrics for stabilization purposes are discussed. The new bridge-like circuit (see Enclosure 1) has the advantage

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ACCESSION NR: AP4019324

of a high output voltage that can reach one-third of the input voltage; also, a high degree of temperature compensation is possible. The experimentally determined effects of frequency and load on the performance of ferroelectric voltage stabilizers are reported. The possibilities of ferroelectric materials for current stabilization were also explored; a l-cm² barium-titanate plate ensured a stable mean current of 50 ma at 50 cps; bismuth titanate and triglycine sulfate were also tested. Orig. art. has: 9 figures and 6 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Institut kristallografii AN SSSR (Institute of Crystallography, AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 13Sep63

DATE ACQ: 27Mar64

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: EE

NO REF SOV: 006

OTHER: 001

Card 2/32

L 49784-65 EPF(c)/EPR/EMG(j)/EMT(m)/EWP(b)/EWP(t) Pr-4/Ps-4 IJP(c) AP5009374 UR/0363/65/001/002/0232/0235 ACCESSION NR: AP5009374 AUTHOR: Speranskaya, Ye. I.; Rez, I. S.; Kozlova, L. V.; Skorikov, V. H.; TITLE: Bismuth oxide-titanium dioxide system 13 17 AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Neorganicheskiye materialy, v. 1, no. 2, 1965, SOURCE: 232-235 TOPIC TAGS: bismuth oxide, titanium dioxide, phase diagram, phase equilibrium ABSTRACT: The bismuth oxide-titanium oxide system was studied using thermal analysis and x-ray diffraction. The work was done in platinum or platinum-rhodium crucibles. The phase diagram is shown in fig. 1 of the Enclosure. Three compounds are formed in this system: 4Bi2O3.TiO2(Bi8TiO14), 2Bi2O3.3TiO2(Bi4Ti3O12) and Bi₂O₃·4TiO₂(Bi₂Ti₄O₁₁). All of these compounds melt in an incongruent manner: BigTiO14 at 865°C, Bi4Ti3O12 at 1210°C and Bi2Ti4O11 at 1275°C. At 670°C Bi4Ti3O12 undergoes a reversible phase transition. According to thermal analysis data the other two compounds undergo no conversions in the investigated temperature region. Card 1/3

L 49784-65
ACCESSION NR: AP5009374
BigTiO14 is produced as a result of mount.

Bi₈TiO₁₄ is produced as a result of an exothermic reaction at 830°C. At 835°C a Bi₈TiO₁₄ and Bi₂O₃ eutectic mixture is crystallized, it contains 97% Bi₂O₃ and 3% TiO₂. Orig. art. has: 1 table and 3 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii im. N. S. Kurnakova Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry, Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 230ct64

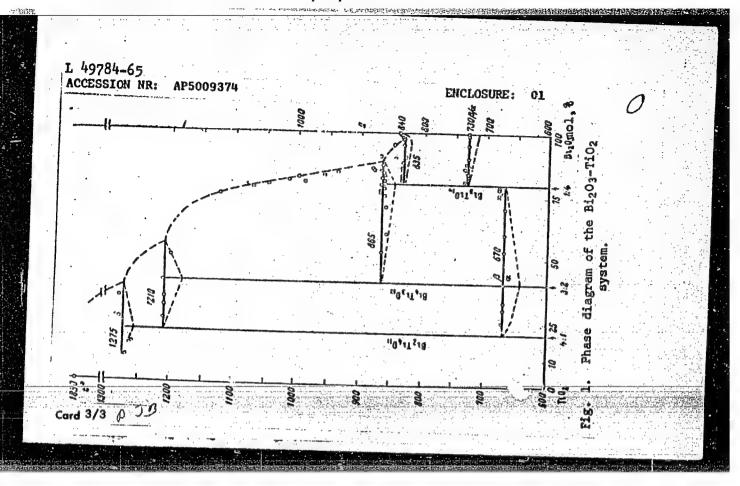
ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: MT

NO REF SOV: 006

OTHER: 004

Card 2/3



NATION CALLES SANIS SESSON SERVICE SER

SPERANSKAYA, Ye.I.; SKORIKOV, V.M.; RODE, Ye.Ya.; TEREKHOVA, V.A.

Phase diagram of the system bismuth oxide - ferric oxide. Izv.
AN SSSR. Ser. khim. no.5:905-906 *65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii im. N.S.Kurnakova AN SSSR.

SPERANSKAYA, Ye.I.; REZ, I.S.; KOZLOVA, L.V.; SKORIKOV, V.M.; SLAVOV, V.I.

Bismuth oxide - titanium dioxide system. Izv. AN SSSR. Neorg. mat. 1 no.2:232-235 F '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimil imeni Kurnakova AN SSSR.

SVET-MOLDAVSKIY, G.Ya. (Moskva, B.Novinskiy per., d.3, kv.90); SKORIKOVA,

A.S. (Moskva, ul. Kachalova, d.20, kv. 66)

Development of multiple cysts in yets after injection of Rous sercome virus [with summary in English]. op.onk. 3 no.6:673-677 '57.

1. Iz Gosudarstvennogo kontrol'nogo instituta suvorotok i vaktain in. L.A.Teraseviche (dir. - S.I.Didenko, nsuchn. rukovod. - chlenkorreppondent AMN SSSR prof. N.G.Klyuyeva)

(SKIN NKOPIASMS, exper.

Rous sercome virus cysts, multiple subcutaneous in rats)

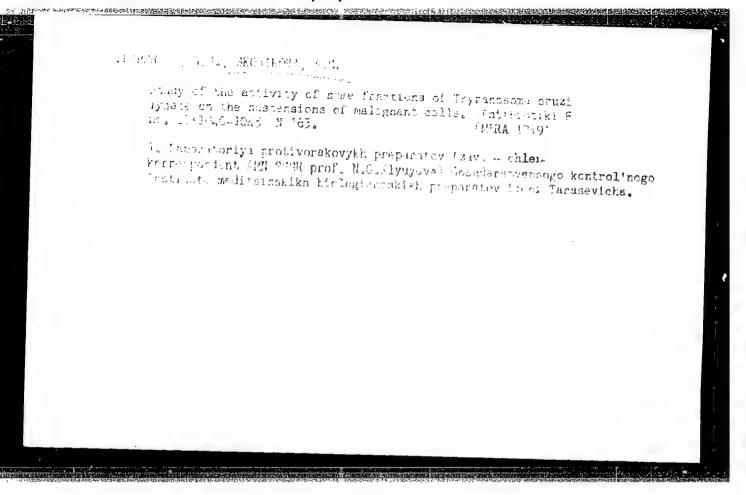
(VIRUSES same)

SVET-MOLDAVSKY, G.J.; SKORIKOVA, A.S. (Technical assistance: E. A. Kanygina)

The pathogenicity of Rous Sarsoma virus for mammals. Detection of virus and of antigenic substances of Rous Sarcoma in the cysthaemorrhagic disease of Albino rats. Acta virol. Engl. Ed., Praha 4 no.1:47-51 Ja '60

1. Influenza and Measles Laboratory. The Tarasevich State Control Institute of Medical Biological Preparations, Moscow.

(SARCOMA virology)



SKORIKOVA, N.F.

Anisotropy of the elastic properties of rocks in Sakhalin. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geol. 30 no.8:61-75 Ag '65.

1. Sakhalinskiy kompleksnyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR, gorod Yuzhnc-Sakhalinsk.

SKORIKOVA, O.A.

Sawflies (Hymenoptera, Tenthredinidae) which damage current and gooseberry bushes. Ent.oboz. 32:107-116 '52. (MIRA 7:1)

1. Kafedra obshchey entomologii Leningradskogo sel'skokhozyaystvennogo instituta. (Sawflies)

SKORIKOVA, O.A.

Biology of sawflies (Hymenoptera, Tenthredinidae) which damage currents and gooseberries in Leningrad Province. Ent.obox. 33:128-131 '53. (MLRA 7:5)

1. Kafedra obshchey entomologii Leningradskogo sel'skokhozyayetvennogo instituta. (Leningrad Province--Sawflies) (Sawflies--Leningrad Province) (Berries--Diseases and pests)

SKORIKOVA, O.A.

Protecting berry crops against injurious insects. Biol. v shkole no.2:64-66 Mr-Ap '59. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Leningradskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut. (Entomology-Study and teaching) (Berries-Diseases and pests)

14 - FREE PLANTED AND THE STEET OF THE STEET STE

BEY-BIYENKO, Grigoriy Yakovlevich; SKORIKOVA, Ol'ga Aleksandrovna; AKHREMOVICH, M.B., red.; CHUNAYEVA, Z.V., tekhn. red.

[Leboratory exercises in entomology] Laboratornye zaniatiia po entomologii. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo sel*khoz. lit-ry, 1958. 253 p. (Entomology—Laboratory manuals) (MIRA 11:8)

SKORIKOVA, Ol'ga Aleksandrovna; REUTSKAYA, O.Ye., red.; CHUNAYEVA, Z.V.,

[Sawflies, pests of fruits and berries] Pilil'shchiki, vrediashchie plodovo-iagodnym kul'turam. Moskva, Gos.izd-vosel'khoz.lit-ry, 1960. 72 p. (MIRA 14:7) (Sawflies)

BATIASHVILI, I.D.; BEY-BIYENKO, G.Ya.; BOGDANOV-KAT'KOV, U.N.; GERASIMOV, B.A.; GILYAROV, M.S.; DMITRIYEV, G.V.; ZVEREZOMB-ZUBOVSKIY, Ye.V.; ZIMIN, L.S.; KOLOBOVA, A.N.; MEDVEDEV, S.I.; MISHCHENKO, A.I.; PETROV, A.I.; RYABOV, M.A.; SAVZDARG, E.K.; SELIVANOVA, S.N.; SKORIKOVA, O.A.; TROPKINA, M.F.; SHAPOSHNIKOV, G.Kh.; SHCHEGOLEV, V.N., prof., doktor sel'skokhoz.nauk; ESTERBERG, L.K.; YAKHONTOV, V.V.; REUTSKAYA, O.Ye., red.; CHUNAYEVA, Z.V., tekhn.red.

[Classification of insects on the basis of damage to crops] Opredelitel' nasekomykh po povrezhdeniiam kul'turnykh rastenii. Izd.4, perer. i dop. Leningrad, Gos.izd-vo sel'khoz.lit-ry, 1960. 607 p. (MIRA 14:1)

(Insects, Injurious and beneficial)

SKORIKOVA, O.A.

Biology of Pamphilus balteatus Fall. (Pamphilidae, Hymenoptera) in Leningrad Province and its control. Zool. zhur. 39 no. 10:1511-1514 0 '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Department of General Entomology, Leningrad Agricultural Institute, town of Pushkin, Leningrad Region.

(Leningrad Province--Sawflies)

(Roses--Diseases and pests)

SKORIKOVA, Ye., thachikha

We will complete our assignment ahead of time. Sov.profsoiuzy 7 no.10:13-14 My 159. (#IRA 12:9)

Tashkentskiy tekstil'nyy kombinat imeni Stalina.
 (Tashkent-Textile industry-Labor productivity)

MARKH, A.T.; SKORIKOVA, Yu.G.

Studying the factors of color change in drying prunes. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; pishch. tekh. no. 2:18-23 '58. (MIRA 11:10)

1. Odesskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy i kholodil'noy promyshlennosti, Kafedra biokhimii i mikrobiologii.
(Prune--Drying)

MARKH. A.T. SKORIKOVA. Yu.G.

Change in the chemical composition of plums during drying.

Kons. i ov. prom. 13 no.10:22-24 0 '58. (MIRA 11:10)

1.Odesskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy i kholodil'noy promyshlennosti.

(Plum--Drying)

SKORIKC MA, Yu. G., Con Tech Sci — (dies) "Change in the qualitative indicators of fruit in the process of drying and preservative." Cdessa, 1959. 19 pp with graphs (Min of Higher Education UNSSE. Cdessa Technological Inst of Food and Refrigor tion Industry. Chair of Biochemistry and Microbiology). 150 copies (KL, 36-59, 105)

5/

MARKH, A.T.; SKORIKOVA, Yu.G.

Biochemical changes in apples during drying. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; pishch.tekh. no.1:37-44 159. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Odenskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy i kholodil'noy promyshlennosti, kafedra biokhimii i mikrobiologii. (Apple-Drying)

MARKH, A.T.; SKORIKOVA, Yu.G.

Chemical changes in dried fruit during storage. Izv.vys.ucheb. zav.; pishch.tekh. no.5:42-50 '59. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Odesskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy i kholodil'noy promyshlennosti, kafedra biokhimii i mikrobiologii.
(Fruit, Dried--Storage)

MARKH, A.T., doktor tekh.; SKORIKOVA, Yu.G., aspirant

Biochemical changes in plums during drying. Trudy OTIPikhP 9 no.2:
39-51 '59.

(Plum-- Drying) (Prune)

SKORIKOVA, Yu.G., aspirant

Biochenical characteristics of plums from the Sochi Region. Trudy
OTIPIKHP 9 no.2:77-95 159.

(Sochi-- Plum)

MARKH. A.T.; SKORIKOVA, Yu.G.

Some distinctive aspects of the drying of plums. Kons. 1 ov. prom.

14 no.7:11-13 J1 '59.

1. Odesskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy i kheledil noy promyshlennosti.

(Moldavia--Plum--Drying)

TINDE TO THE PURE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

(MIRA 12:9)

MARKH, A.T.; ZOZULEVICH, B.V.; SKORIKOVA, Yu.G.; RASKINA, N.A.

Vitamin enrichment of food concentrates. Kons.i ov. prom. 16 no.2: 21-23 F '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Odesskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy i kholodil'noy promyshlennosti.
(Food, Concentrated) (Vitamins)

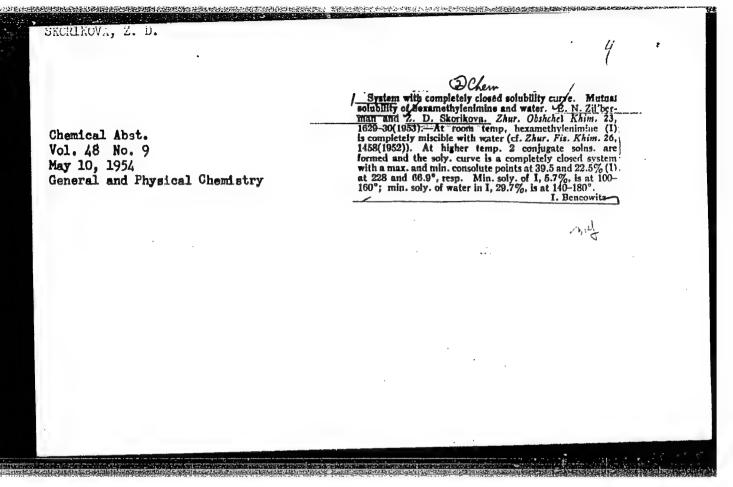
SKORIKOVA, Yu.G.; KROTOV, Ye.G.

Modification of polyphenol OH groups during fruit drying. Izv.-vys.ucheb.zav.; pishch.tekh. 2:35-40 '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Odesskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy i kholodil'noy promyshlennosti, kafedra biokhimii i mikrobiologii.
(Fruit, Dried) (Phenols)

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SKORIN. I. Ye.

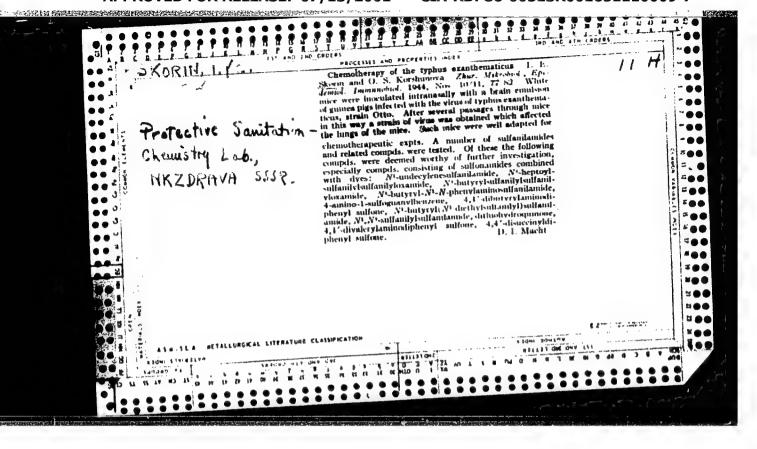
Central Sci. Research Inst. for Disinfection, NKZDRAVA, People's Commisseriat Public Health, (-1944-)

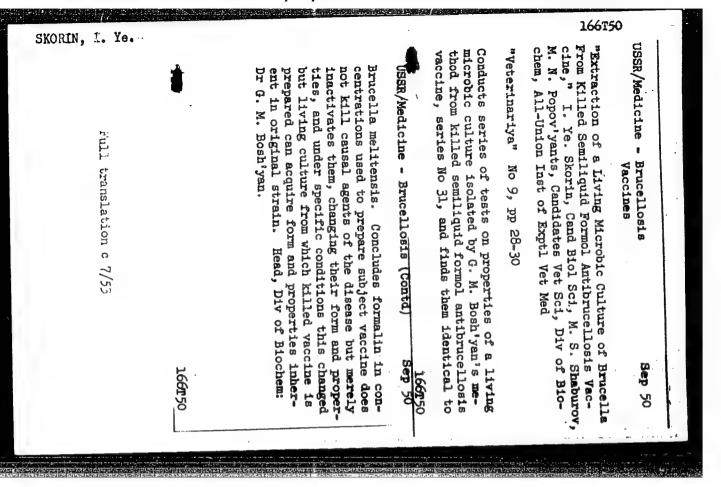
"On the bactericide action of K-soap and K-preparation."

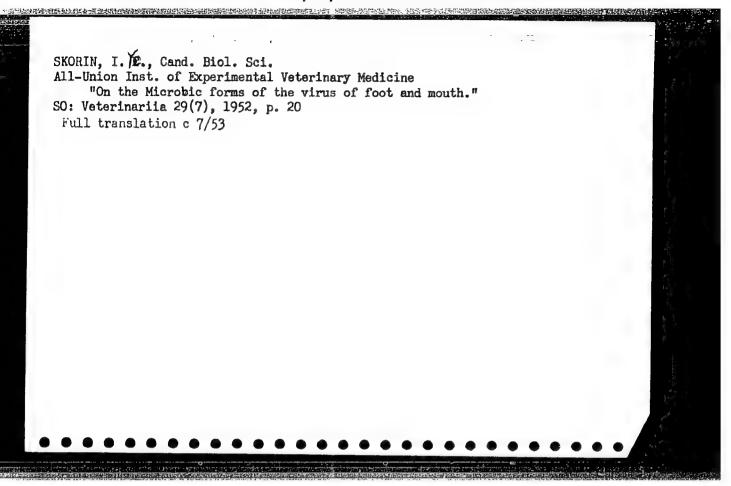
Zhur. Mikrobiol., Epidemiol., i Immunobiol., No. 3, 1944.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651110009-7







SKORIN, I.Ye., kand.biol. nauk; SHUBIN, V.A., kand.vet.nauk.

Foot-and-mouth disease in saigas. Veterinariia 35 no.10:49-54 0 '58.

(MIRA 11:10)

1.Vsesoyuznyy institut eksperimental'noy veterinarii.

(Foot-and-mouth disease) (Saiga--Diseases and pests)

SKORIN, P. F., PIRTSKHALAYSHVILI, S. KH.

Tea Machinery

New tea harvester. Sel'khozmashina, No. 4, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August 1952. Unclassified

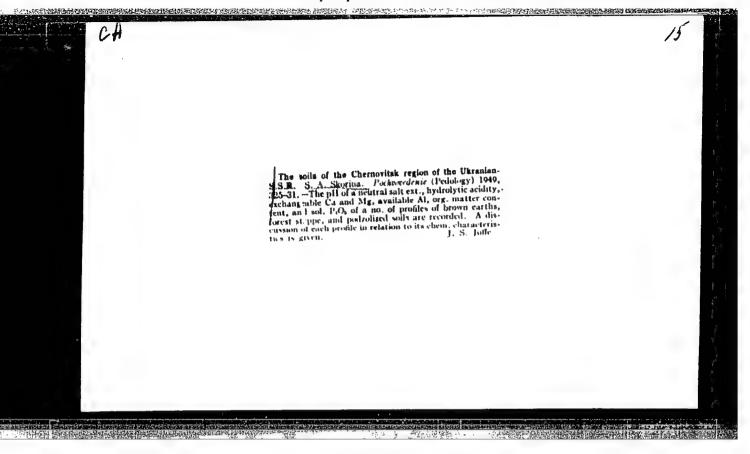
SKORINA, L.

In the cultural center for passengers at the Vrutky railroad station. p. (2) of cover.

37th annviersary of the Great October Revolution. p. 277.

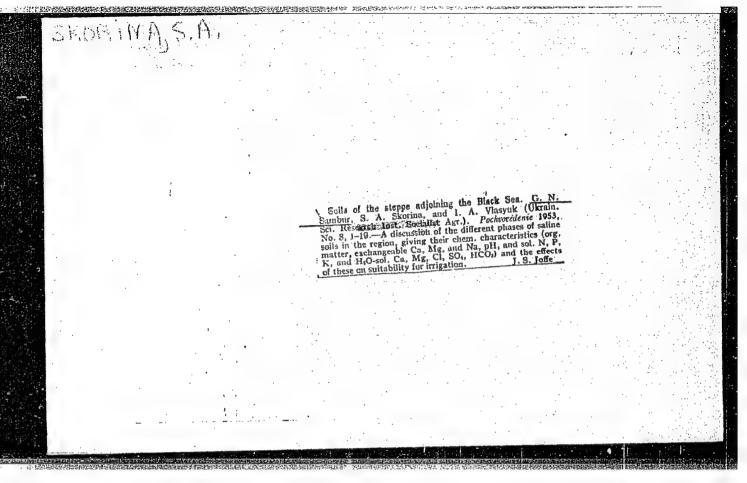
ZELEZNICE, Prague, Vol. 4, no. 11, Nov. 1954.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 6, June 1956, Uncl.



VERNANDER, N.B.; GODLIN, M.M., professor, doktor sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; SAMBUR, G.N.; SKURIMA, S.A.; KOMOVALOV, M.T., otvetstvennyy redaktor; AKSENOV, G.G., 'Schinicheskiy redaktor; LIMANOVA, M.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Soils of the Ukrainian S.S.R.] Pochvy USSR, Pod red. M.M.Godlina. Kiev, Gos. izd-vo selkhoz. lit-ry, USSR, 1951. 326 p. [Microfilm] (Ukraine-Soils) (Soils--Ukraine)



DMITRENKO, P.A., doktor sel'skokhozyaystvannykh nauk.; SKORINA, S.A.

Organize the study of soil on collective and state farms. Zemledelie
4 no.10:116 0 '56.

(Soils)

First results of a soil survey in the Ukraine. Zemledelie 6 no.9: 86-90 S '58. (MIRA 11:9)

(Ukraine-Crops and soils)

SKORINA, S.I. [Skoryna, S.O.], starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Soil maps. Hauka i zhyttia 9 no.12:36-38 D 159. (MIRA 13:4)

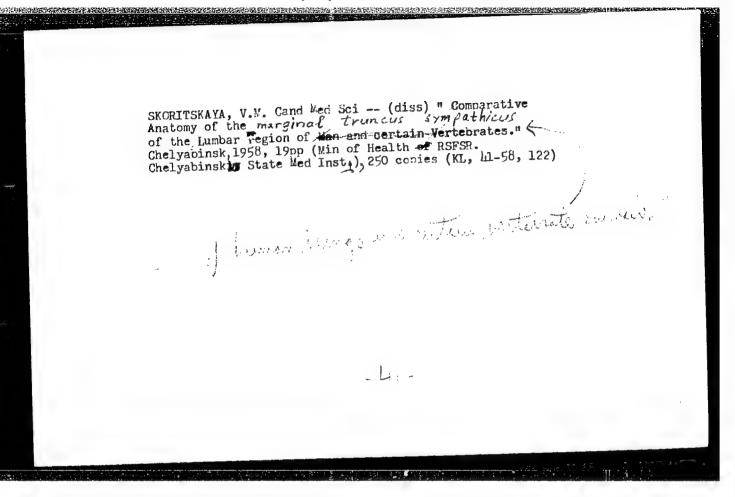
1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zemledeliya.

(Soils--Maps)

SKORINA, Sergey Aleksandrovich [Skorina, S.O.]; BELYAKOV, M.I. [Bieliakov, M.I.], red.; NEMCHENKO, I.Yu., tekhn.red.

[Knowledge of soil is the basis for its correct use] Znannia hruntiv - osnova pravyl'noho ikh vykorystannia. Kyiv, Derzh. vyd-vo sel's'kohospodars'koi lit-ry URSR, 1961. 48 p. (MIRA 15:4)

(Crops and soils)



S

USSR / Human and Animal Morphology (Normal and Pathological). Nervous System. Peripheral Nervous System.

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 4, 1959, No. 16954 Abs Jour

: Skoritskaya, V. M. Author

: Comparative Anatomy of the Marginal Sympathetic Trunk of the Lumbar Region of Man and Some Inst Title

Vertebrates

: V sb.: Izbr. vopr. morfol. nervn. sistemy i krovosnabzh. nervov. Chelyabinsk, 1958, 58-68 Orig Pub

: Thirty-four specimens of the marginal sympathetic trunk (MST) of man and 176 specimens of MST of animals from cadavers of Abstract 10 sea urchins, 1 carp, 1 carassius, 16 frogs, 8 lizards, 2 turtles, 7 wild ducks, 2 domestic

Card 1/3

57

L 12282-63

S/081/63/000/005/039/075

AUTHOR:

Goldowa, D., Golda, K., Golda, J. and Skorka, L.

TITLE:

A method for producing filtering pulps

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Khimiya, no. 5, 1963, 321, abstract 5145

(Polish patent 45712 8 - 13 - 62)

The quality of filtering pulps from asbestos fibers (possibly made with addition of plant fibers, e.g., cotton) is improved in that asbestos fiber undergoes (in its dry state) processing in a power mill under 200-600 kg/cm² pressure, furnished with 1-5 mm mesh sieves for a period of time which depends on the size of the asbestos fiber and the desired size of the fibers of the filtered pulp. The plant fibers are introduced into the pulp in the course of the crushing process. G. Stellikh.

[Abstractor's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

SKOEKHI, A.V.: PINKOVOKIY, Ya.I.

Explosion-proof MA36 electric motors, Mash. i neft, cbor. no.7: 3-7 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Khar'kovskiy elektromekhanicheskiy zavod i Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut neftyanogo mashinostroyeniya.

的是是是这种的主义的,我们就是我们的人,我们就是这个人的人,我们就是这个人的人,我们就是这个人的人,这个人的人,这个人的人,我们也是这个人的人,我们也是这个人的

YAKUBOVSKIY, A.M., mashinist-instruktor; FROLENKO, M.P., mashinist-instruktor; YAROSHEVICH, V.S., mashinist; YEKKIMHAYEV, Ye., mashinist; BABANAZAROV, A.M., mashinist; FEDOSOV, D. Ye.; SKORKIN, I.S.

Useful book "Reference bood for a diesel locomotive engineering by V.M. Terekhov, I.I. Murzhin. Reviewed by A.M. IAkubovskii and others. Elek.i tepl.tiaga 4 no.2:47-48 F '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Master zagotovitel'nogo tsekha, depo Chu, Kazakhskaya doroga (for Fedosov). 2. Master tsekha bol'skogo periodicheskogo remonta, depo Chu, Kazakhskaya doroga (for Skorkin).

(Diesel locomotives)
(Terekhov, V.M.)
(Murzhin, I.I.)

BABOKIN, I.A., redaktor; BALBACHAN, Ya.I, redaktor; BARABANOV, F.A., redaktor; BUCHNEV, V.K., redaktor; VLADIMIRSKIY, V.V., redaktor; GRIGOR'YEV, S. Ye., redaktor; DOKUKIN, A.V., redaktor; ZHABO, V.V. redaktor; ZADEMIDKO, A.N., redaktor; ZAITSEV, A.P., redaktor; IL'ICHEV, A.S., redaktor; KAGAN, V.Ya., redaktor; KRASNIKOVSKIY, G.V., redaktor; KRASOZOV, I.P., redaktor; KRIVONOGOV, K.K., redaktor; LALAYANTS, A.M., redaktor; MOGILEVSKIY, N.M., redaktor; ONIKA, D.G., redaktor; OSTROVSKIY, S.B., redaktor; OSTROVSKIY, S.M., redaktor; PEYSAKHOVICH, G.I., redaktor; POCHENKOV, K.I., redaktor; SIRYACHENKO, F.N.; redaktor. SKOCHINSKIY, A.A., redaktor; STUGAREV, A.S., redaktor; SKORKIN, K.I.; SKURAT, V.K., redaktor; SOBOLEV, G.G., redaktor; TERPITOREV, A.M., redaktor; KHUDOCOVTSEV, N.M., redaktor; TSYPKIN, V.S., redaktor; SHEVYAKOV, L.D., redaktor; SHELKOV, A.A., redaktor; ANDREYEV, G.G., tekhnichegkiy redaktor.

[Safety rules in coal and shale mines] Pravila bezopasnosti v ugol'nykh i slantsevykh shakhtakh. Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1951. 207 p. (MLRA 9:1)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R) Ministerstva ugol'noy promyshlennosti. (Coal mines and mining-Safety measures)

SKCRKIN, K. I., Eng.

Electric Motors, Induction

Synchronizing asynchronous electric motors at the mines of the "Stalinugel" combine. Elektrichestvo no. 5, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, November 1952. Unclassified.

eminut, . .: <u>programa.</u>.

Electric Milities - Lates

Concerning the article "Rate setting after the increase of the casacity coefficient (com () in industry." From energ. 9, No. 2, 1952.

Monthly List of Aussian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1952, UNCLASSIFIED.

SKORKIN, K. I.

Problems of district heating in the coal mining industry. Ugol: 30 no.10:9-13 0 '55. (MIRA 8:12)

1. Ministerstvo ugolinoy promyshlennosti SSSR (Coal mines and mining) (Heating from central stations)

6, 10	
The Armen's Down representations	Purification of alkaline solutions of poly(ethylens exide). tesims. L. V. Skorkin. M. Kh. Chuzuan, S. I. Probertsky, and V. M. Bodnya. U.S.S.R. 105,505, May 25, 1057. Bases are removed by electrolysis. M. Husel. 37724
	M-
;	

KOLESNIKOV, D.G.; CHERNOBAY, V.T.; PROKOPENKO, A.P.; BOZHKO, N.G.; SKORKIN, L.V.

The alkaloid reserpine from the roots of Rauwolfia serpentina Benth. Med.prom. 13 no.4:40-43 Ap '59. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Khar'kovskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy khimiko-farmatsevticheskiy institut.
(RESERPINE)

Semiautomatic machine for washing spindle seats. Mashinostroitel' no.3:8 Mr '64. (MIRA 17:4)

SKORKIN, N.V.; BROVMAN, M.Ya.

Efficient grooving for continuous blooming mills. Metallurg 9 no.7: 26-27 Jl 164. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Yuzhno-Ural'skiy mashinostroitel'nyy zavod.

VYDRIN, V.N.; BROVMAN, M.Ya.; SKORKIN, N.V.

Measuring tension in continuous rolling mills. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 6 no.6:100-105 '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Chelyabinskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.
(Rolling mills)

BROVMAN, M.Ya.; GERME, EV, S.M.; MURASHKO, L.I.; RUBINSHTMYH, Yu.Ya.; SKORKIN, N.V.; ARSHANSKIY, M.I.; PIN'ZHAKOV, G.P.

Results of a year's operation and investigation of an oxygenblown converter with a 100 ton (Mg) capacity. Stal' 25 no.6: 508-511 Je '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Yuzhno-Ural'skiy mashinostroitel'nyy zavod i Nizhne-Tagil'skiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat.

ACC NR: AP70038 SOURCE CODE: UR/0133/67/000/001/0053/0057 (A)AUTHOR: Brovman, M.Ya.; Skorkin, N.V.; Shumkov, V.D.; Vydrin, V.N.; Dodin, Yu.S.; Makarov, V.G.; Rimen, V.Kh.; Lind, I.K. Yuzhuralmashzavod; Chelyabinsk Polytechnic Institute (Chelynbinskiy politekhnicheskiy Institut); Chelyabinsk Metallurgical Plant (Chelyabinskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod) Investigation of a new 900/700/500 continuous blooming mill TITLE: SOURCE: Stal', no. 1, 1967, 53-57 TOPIC TAGS: metal rolling, hot rolling, rolling mill, continuous rolling mill/900-700-500, mill ROLLING ABSTRACT: The new 900/700/500 continuous blooming mill, designed and built at the Yuzhno-Ural'skiy Machine Building Plant, is in operation at the Chelyabinsk and Krivorozhskiy Metallurgical Plants. The new mill is designed for rolling square blooms with a cross section of 80 x 80-170 x 170 mm and flat slabs from 370 \times 370 mm carbon and alloy steel blooms weighing up to 9 tons. Provision is also made for rolling round bars 105, 120, 140, 150, 170 and 220 mm in diameter. The mill is designed to produce 5.5 million tons of rolled stock per year; the metal delivery rate at the last stand Card 1/2 UDC: 621.771.26

SKORKINA, N.F.

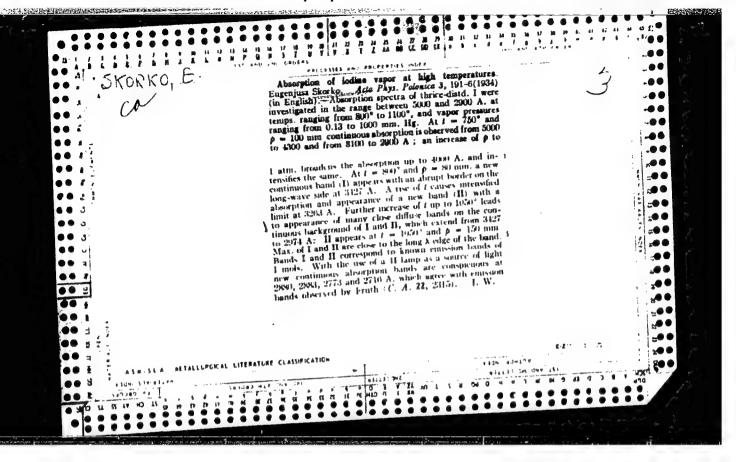
offen cal picture of the tongue in gastritis and peptic ulcer of the stomach and the duodenum. Bauch. trudy Kas. gos. med. inst. 14:5/7-548 164. (MIRA 18:9)

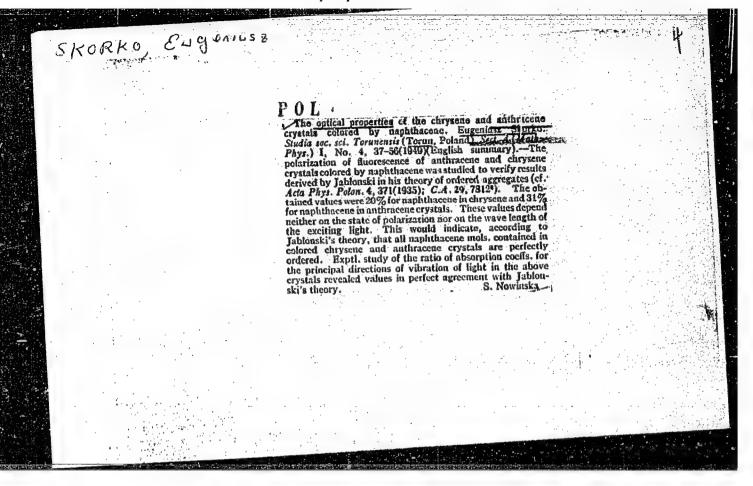
l. Kefedra khirurgicheskoy stomatologii (zav. - prof. Ye. A. Domrasheva) Kazanskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

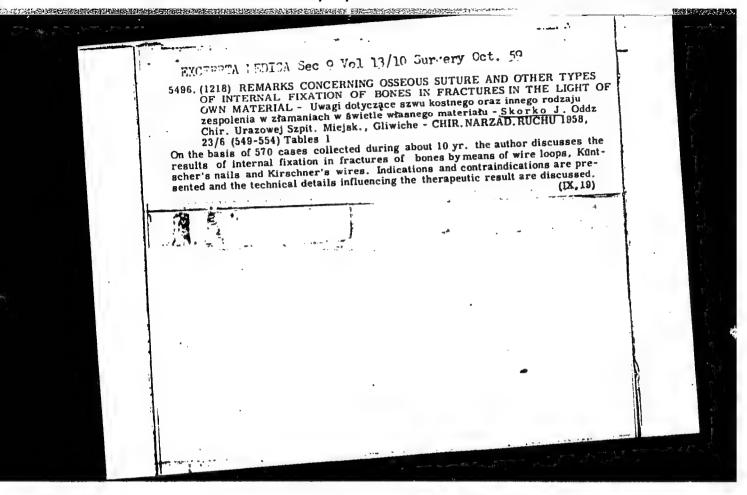
SKORKINA, N.F., assistent

Morphology of the gum tissues in patients with peptic ulcer of the stomach and duodenum. Vop. obshchei stom. 17:90-91 164.

State of the innervation and vascular apparatus of the gums in dogs with experimental peptic ulcer. Ibid.:92-93 (MIRA 18:11)







2562**7** P/047/61/012/003/002/003 D247/D302

15.8500

Kryszewski, M. and Skorko, M.

TITLE:

AUTHORS:

Basic problems of high polymer physics

PERIODICAL:

Postępy fizyki, v. 12, no. 3, 1961, 303-331

TEXT: The authors summarize the basic theory of physics of polymer solutions and the methods of their investigation. Physical properties of a polymer can be expressed as a function of two dimensions: $\sqrt{h^2}$ - the average length (h = distance between the ends of a chain) and $\sqrt{R_0^2}$ - the radius of gyration. Assuming a macromolecule model with a constant valency bond length a and an angle θ between the two consecutive bonds the formula h^2 = Za^2 where Z = number of bonds in the chain, can be deduced. This can also be obtained from the analysis of probability of the macromolecule structure using projectiles. The review of the statistics of structure of high isomers includes many references to T.M. Birshteyn and O.B. Ptitsyn (Ref. 21: Fiz. Khim., 26, 1215, (1952)) and O.B. Ptitsyn and Y. A. Sharonov (Ref. 22: Zh. Tekh. Fiz., 27, 2744, 2762 (1957)) who applied the method

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25627 P/047/61/012/003/002/003 D247/D302

Basic problems of high polymer physics

of rotational isomerism for obtaining the value h2 for isotactic and syndiotactic chains. A. Peterlin (Ref. 25: Coll. Czechosl. Chem. Comm., 22, 84 (1957)) assumed that solutions of finite concentrations can be treated as real gases. His theory was applied in interpreting results from the light dispersion and viscometer methods for measuring macromolecules' dimensions. Methods for determining molecular weight (mol. wt) of a high polymer include: 1) The osmosis method, based on Van't Hoff's law. Recently semipermeable membranes were prepared from polyvinyl alcohol and polychloro-tri-fluoroethylene (Kel-F). Y.Y. Zhukov and A.V. Lebedev (Ref. 49: Koll. Zhur., 10, 423 (1948)) used the dynamical method for measuring the osmotic pressure (o.p.): the initial level of the liquid in the capillary is arranged to be somewhat below the expected equilibrium level and the speed at which the meniscus falls is calculated from readings taken at 1 minute intervals for 10 to 20 mins. The experiment is then repeated starting with the liquid level below the equilibrium position. Both speed-time curves have a common assymptote which determines the equilibrium level in the capillary. Most accurate results are obtained for polymers with mol. wt. from 40,000 - 500,000.

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Basic problems of high polymer physics

2) The dispersion method. Two cases are considered: when the dispersing particles are < than the wavelength of the falling light λ ; and when dissolved particles are not small with respect to λ . Zimm's theory of dispersion is given. 3) Sedimentation method. The mol. wt. can be determined in two ways by using an ultracentrifuge; Svedberg's formula is applied. 4) The viscometer method. The basic relation between the viscosity of the solution and the mol. wt. is given by $[\eta]$ = k $M_{\rm e}^{\rm u}$, where η = coefficient of viscosity, $[\eta]$ = real viscosity, $M_{\rm v}$ = the average viscometric mol. wt. k and a = constants depending on the high polymer - solvent system. This method does not give the real value for mol. wt. as k and a have to be determined by using another method, e.g. the osmosis method. There are 6 figures and 62 references: 13 Soviet-bloc and 49 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the four most recent Englishlanguage publications read as follows: E. Mason, M. Kreevoy, J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 77, 5818 (1955); 4851 (1957); L. Pauling, Proc. Nat. Chem. Soc., 44, 221 (1958); M.W. Wolkenstern, J. Polym. Sci., 29, 441 (1958); C. Loucheux, G. Weill, H. Benoit, J. Chem. Phys., 55, 540 (1958).

Card 3/4

25627

P/047/61/012/003/002/003 D247/D302

Basic problems of high polymer physics

Katedra fizyki wydziału chemicznego politechniki Łódzkiej (Lódź Polytechnic, Chemistry Section, Department of Physics) ASSOCIATION:

Card 4/4

SKORKO, Marta

Nuclear paramagnetic resonance and its application in studies on polymers. Pt.1. Polimery tworz wielk 9 no.11:449-453 N 664.

1. Department of Physics of the Chemical Division of the Technical University, Lodz.

SKORKO, Marta

Paramagnetic nuclear resonance and its application in polymer studies. Pt.2. Polimery tworz wielk 9 no.12:497-503 D '64.

1. Department of Physics of the Division of Chemistry of the Lodz Technical University.

KRYSZEWSKI, Marian; SKORKO, Marta

Crystallization of high-molecular compounds. Pt.1. Postepy fizyki 14 no.2:209-227 '63.

1. Katedra Fizyki, Wydzial Chemiczny, Politechnika, Lodz.

KRYSZEWSKI, Marian; SKORKO, Marta

Crystallization of macromolecular compounds. Pt. 2. Postepy fizyki 14 no. 3: 289-30/1 163.

 Katedra Fizyki, Wydział Chemiczny, Politechnika, Warszawa.

KWIATKOWSKI, Aleksander; ROZMEJ, Zbigniew; SKORKO, Romuald Refinement of peat wax. Przem chem 39 no.7:449-452 Jl '60.

1. Katedra Technologii Chemicznej Drewna i Torfu, Politechnika, Gdansk.

MARCZENKO, Zygmunt; SKORKO-TRYBULA, Zofia

A rapid method of $KClo_3$ and $K_2Cr_2O_7$ determination in the material for making matches. Chem anal 5 no.1:71-77 '60. (EEAI 9:11)

1. Katedra Chemii Analitycznej Politechniki, Warszawa.

(Matches) (Colorimetry) (Potassium chlorite)

(Potassium dichromate)

MINCZEWSKI, Jerzy; SKORKO-TRYBULA, Zofia

Reaction of vanadium (V) with nicotinehydroxamic acid. A spectrophotometric study and analytical application. Chem anal 6 no.3:377-386 161.

1. Department of Analytical Chemistry, Politechnic, Warsaw.

SKORKO-TRYBULA, Zofia

POLAMD

JECTO-THEMBLA, Zofia

Department of Analytic Chemistry of the Narsaw Polytechnic School (Katedra Chemii "nalitycznej Politechniki, Tarusawa)

Warsaw, Chemia analityczna, No 5, 1965, pp 725-52.

"Application of Some Hydroxamic Acids--IV Spectrophotometric Investigations of Reaction of Ferric Iron Ions with Thiophene-2-Hydroxamic Acid".

CHWASTOWSKA, Jadwiga, mgr; SKORKO-TRYBULOWA, Zofia, dr

Determination of admixtures in silver alloys. Pt. 2. Chem anal 9 no.1:123-130 '64.

1. Department of Analytical Cheristry, Technical University, Warsaw.

SKORKO-TRYBULA, Zofia; MINCZEWSKI, Jerzy

Application of some hydroxamic acids in analytical chemistry. Pt. 5. Chem anal 9 no.2:397-400 64.

1. Katedra Chemii Analitycznej, Politechnika, Warszawa.

Card 1/1

IJP(c) JD/JG EWP(t) PO/00/6/65/010/09-/0559/0565 SOURCE CODE: ACC NR: AP6012009 AUTHOR: Skorko-Trybula, Zofia ORG: Department of Analytical Chemistry, Warsaw Polytechnic Institute, Warsaw (Katedra Chemii Analitycznej Politechniki Warszawskiej) TITIE: Colorimetric determination of vanadium in uranium compounds using p-methoxybenzothiohydroxamic acid SOURCE: Nukleonika, v. 10, no. 9-10, 1965, 559-5:5 TOPIC TAGS: vanadium, uranium compound, colorimetric analysis, solvent extraction ABSTRACT: The extraction and colorimetric determination of vanadium in uranium compounds are described. Vanadium with p-methoxybenzothichydroxavic acid forms in 6N hydrochloric acid, the green compound that is extractable into chloroform and higher alcohols. The sensitivity of the reaction is equal to 0,002 µg V/cm2 and the molar absorption coefficient equals to 20040 ($\lambda = 372$ m μ). Ti, Fe, Mo, and Nb ions interfere with the determination of vanadium. A rapid method of eliminating the influence of these ions is described. This method was used successfully for the analysis of uranyl acetate and nitrate and U₃08 containing 10⁻³ to 10⁻³ vanadium. Orig. art. has: 7 tables. /NA/ / SUBM DATE: 12Jul65 / ORIG REF: 003 / OTH REF: 011 SUB CODE: 07 SOV REF: 003